IMARA Informatique, Mathématiques et Automatique pour la Route Automatisée







IMARA

- Project-Team INRIA Rocquencourt
- ~32 persons + trainees (10/year)
- Research field : Intelligent Transportation Systems
 - Mobility
 - Security
- Topics :
 - Traffic simulation and modeling
 - Communications: V2V V2I
 - Robotics: perception, planning, control,...







- Outstanding team at l'INRIA :
 - Size
 - Profile:
 - Research lab.
 - Experimental Plateform
 - Transverse team (collaboration with 8 teams) : 'showcase' pour l'INRIA
 - Financed research activity (today: ~20 contracts)
 - Strong involvment in European projects
- Member of the LaRA consortium: INRIA MINES PARISTECH – IFSTTAR





IMARA Personnel

- Permanent staff : 5 people
 - Chazelas (ITA) Fayolle (DR1 Emeritus) Lasgouttes (CR1)
 - Le Lann (DR1 Emeritus) Yvet (ITA)
- Specialists (Expert Eng.): 15
- Invited professors: 2 (Petrov Alessandrini)
- Post Doc: 3 (Samsonov Zhang Nogushi)
- PhD Students : 8
- External collaborators / advisors : 4 (Parent Ernst Noël – Bouraoui)
- Trainees : 10
- « Vacations » : 6

~53 people in 2011





IMARA Personnel

Permanent staff

- Nashashibi (Team Leader)
- Chazelas (ITA)
- Lasgouttes (CR1)
- Yvet (ITA)
- Fayolle (DR1) Emeritus
- Le Lann (DR1) Emeritus

Specialists

- Parent
- Fortelle
- Bouraoui
- Ernst
- Boussard

- Resende - Xie
- Charlot - Lee
- Feng
- Nicoud - Holgin
- Lewden - Noël
- Doctors/Postdocs
 - Lefaudeux Ben Jemaa
 - Mehani Tsukada
 - Li - Nogushi

- Sandu

- Maarouf - Martin
- Invited Professors
 - Petrov
 - Alessandrini





La Route Automatisée

- Set of techniques designed to :
 - Improve road transportation
 - Achieve sustainable mobility for people and goods
 - New transportation modes and concepts
- Based on ICST and concerns infrastructures as well as vehicles
- Ranges from driver information, to drivers assistance, to full driving automation





CyCab (1996)

- Small Public Urban Vehicles
- Assisted driving
- Platooning
- Automated Parking
- Automated tracks
- Complement to other modes







CyberCab Yamaha-INRIA (2000)







CYBERGO (INDUCT – 2010)

BITADEN







moveo

CYBUS (INRIA – 2011)







LaRA is a Joint Research Unit INRIA









(ROBOSOFT - 2010)







IMARA Research Themes

- Driving assistance and automation
 - Sensors and Data Fusion
 - Task & trajectory planning
 - Vehicle control (low/high levels)
 - MMI
 - Cooperative behavior
- Modeling and control of transport systems
 - Stochastic models
 - Operation research on logistics
 - Simulation tools
- Communication technologies for mobiles
 - IPv6 deployment
 - Geonetworking
 - Standardization





- In 2011 ⇒ <u>21</u> living projects !
- Projects financing :

EU: 9 / Fench: 11 / Private sector : 1

Distribution by main area (or « team ») :

MOD : 5

AROS / TRAVESTI / Ma Micro Planete / CATS* / PUMAS COM : 5

Orange / SANDRA / SCORE@F / Drive-C2X * / ITSSv6 * ROB: 11

HAVEit * / Intersafe-2 * / CityMobil * / CityNetMobil * / ABV / PICAV * / AMARE / Co-Drive / Corebots / Merit





Contracts IMARA (2004-2011)

- CityMobil Com2React (ICT)
- CyberCars-2 (IST) CATS
- PReVENT
- LOVe
- Anemone
- Cristal
- Esteem
- GAST
- CVIS
- GeoNet

- (IST) HaveIT (ICT) (Predit) CityNetMobil (SST)
- (IST) PICAV (ICT) (FUI)
 - (SST) InterSafe-2
- (DG Edu) ABV (IST)
 - AMARE

(ICT) (Predit) (Predit)

(EESD)

(ICT)





IMARA Software (2004-2011)

- TAXI (real-time control)
- CyberMaps (RT-Maps software suite)
- CyberFly (Genetic algo. for vision)
- CyberSim (3D Simulation for Robots)
- SPIKA (Traffic reconstruction)
- CyberCom (Fast Mobile Comm.)
- CarGeo6 (IPv6 + Geonetworking)





Technology Transfer



- Know-how transfered to VU-Log
- Know-how and software transferred to Senda
- Know-how transfered to Intempora
- Know-how transfered to Robosoft
- Patent in negociation with Lohr Industries (Cristal Project)
- IPv6 GeoNetworking transferred to Orange





Cooperation inside INRIA

 Active cooperation with/-out financed R&D projects:

> E-Motion Hipercom

Aoste TAO





National Cooperations

- Laboratories:
 - LaRA (Mines-Paris, INRETS, LCPC)
 - LASMEA (Clermont)
 - LITIS (Rouen)
 - UTC
 - UTBM
 - CERMICS
 - ENST Bretagne (Telecom Bretagne)
 - Institut Telecom





• Private sector:

- VALEO
- PSA
- Intempora
- Mobile Devices
- Civitec
- Robosoft
- Mobile Devices
- ADM Concept





European Cooperations

- DLR, Braunschweig
- Dimeca, Genova
- Imperial College, GB
- EPFL, CH
- ISR, Coimbra
- IKA Aachen
- ICT La Sapienza, Rome
- IAI Madrid
- FZI Stuttgart
- TRG, Southampton
- Newcastle Univ., GB
- Eurandom, Eindhoven, NL





World Cooperations

- SwRI (USA)
- UCR (USA)
- Tokyo U., NAIST, Keio U. (Japan)
- SJTU (China)
- NTU (Singapore)
- Griffith U., NICTA (Australia)
- Moscou Univ., IPPI (Russia)
- Colombia U., Berkeley (USA)
- Yeungnam / SL / ETRI (Korea)
- U. Montreal (Canada)





Activities / Objectives scientific

2008 - 2012





LaRA is a Joint Research Unit INRIA

Topics

- Robotics vehicles:
 - ADAS for safe navigation
 - Complex and fast manoeuvres
 - Cooperative systems
- Modeling
 - Advances in modelling of very large random systems: hydrodynamic limits, phase transition, statistical physics models.
- Communications
 - Fast, robust and safe V2V / V2I communications





Vehicle Cooperation

- V2V and V2I Communications
- Passing stopped vehicles
- Overtaking slow vehicles
- Trains of cars
- Merging and splitting
- Crossings, round-abouts





Extended Sensing





LaRA is a Joint Research Unit INRIA



Hierarchical multiresolution probabilistic SLAM



INRIA Rocquencourt: a bird view

Results with the multi-resolution probabilistic SLAM



- « Loop closure »
- Centimetric accuracy
- Real time
- Intagrated on our AGV





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Slammot + PMP







Path planning & Control : HAVEit use case



LaRA



- For each cell in the manoeuvre grid, calculate different costs:
 - 1. RISK COST = GravityOfCollision x ProbabilityOfCollision
 - 2. SPEED COST = DistanceAtLegalSpeedLimit RealDistance
 - 3. COMFORT COST = Sum of X and Y jerks during trajectory
 - 4. CONSUMPTION COST = Combination of X accelerations and speed
 - 5. OFFENCE COST = Penalties for right overtaking, excessive speed
 - 6. WISH COST = Cost of not following driver wishes:
 e.g. indicators, ...

TOTAL COST = Weighted sum of all PARTIAL COSTS

• Output : the ranking of the manoeuvres





Pedestrian detection: fusion of camera and laser scanner







Vision-based lane markings detection: LDWS



Vision-based Platooning



aR

GPS and perception-based autonomous navigation





La Rochelle demonstration

- 2-3 INRIA's CyBus (Yamaha)
- 1 INRIA CyberGo (INDUCT)
- On-demand service as an "horizontal elevator"

General

- Speed limited to 10 Km/h
- An operator is always on-board
- Demonstration expected to run between April and July 2011







CM General





La Rochelle: site







INRIA's CyBus vehicles



Capacity: 5 pax Max. speed: 18 Km/h Mass: 500 Kg

Front & rear LIDARs Ultrasounds Guidance: LIDAR-based SLAM







INRIA's CyberGo vehicle



Capacity: 8 pax Speed: 30 Km/h Mass: 700 Kg

Sensors : 4 LIDARs guidance US Camera(s)























AMARE – the concept

MODULOWATT













PICAV

Personal Intelligent City Accessible Vehicle System

- Funded under 7th FWP (Seventh Framework Programme)
- New mobility concept for passengers ensuring accessibility for all in urban pedestrian environments.
- The transport system will ensure accessibility for everybody and some of its features are specifically designed for people whose mobility is restricted for different reasons, particularly (but not only) elderly and disabled people.
- Ergonomics, comfort, stability, assisted driving, eco-sustainability, parking and mobility dexterity as well as vehicle/infrastructures intelligent networking are the main drivers of PICAV design.















New driving interfaces

- New interfaces & sensors
- New driving modes









Presentation of our platform SiVIC/RTMaps
 Single-Track Platooning
 Optimal Automatic Parking

4. Innovative HMI



RTMaps: Real Time Multi Applications



Synchronized Vehicle sensor data
 Real-time data processing

[Steux, 2002]





SiVIC: Vehicle-Infrastructure-Sensors simulator



Vehicle-Infrastructure-Sensors Simulator
 Dynamic Vehicle model
 Camera, odometers, IMU simulations























Platform SiVIC / RTMaps

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Platform SiVIC / RTMaps

Diagram: X:\scenarios\citynetmobil\20100218_Formello\diagrams\cycab_lidar_play_rec_cci.rtd*







Presentation of our platform SiVIC/RTMaps
 Single-Track Platooning
 Optimal Automatic Parking

4. Innovative HMI



Single-Track Platooning



Parent, Petrov, Boussard IASTED International Conference on Robotics (ROBO 2010) November 24-26, 2010, Phuket, Thailand

- <u>Control Objective :</u>
- Given the relative position and orientation between the two vehicles, the **control** objective is to asymptotically track the virtual reference point R_{1r} associate with the lead vehicle with the reference point R_{2f} of the following vehicle in the presence of unknown lead vehicle linear an angular velocities.





Single-Track Platooning

- Problem Formulation
- Two virtual reference points R_{1r} and R_{2f}
 - R_{Ir} located on the longitudinal axis of the lead vehicle at a distance L behind the rear vehicle axle.
 - R_{2f} located on the longitudinal axis of the following vehicle at a distance L in front of the rear vehicle axle.







Single-Track Platooning







Presentation of our platform SiVIC/RTMaps
 Single-Track Platooning
 Optimal Automatic Parking
 Innovative HMI



Optimal Automatic Parking



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Choi, Boussard, and d'Andréa-Novel, for VALEO

6





Optimal Automatic Parking







... and more

- Road signs detection
 Speed limit determination
 Fusion with GIS
- Traffic lights detection
- Rain detection
- GIS development





Key events in 2011



67

IMARA Plenary Meeting / INRIA

26 septembre 2011